JUNE 30, 2009

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Finance Town of Easton Easton, Connecticut

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Easton, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Easton, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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The management discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9 and budgetary comparison information on pages 45 through 48 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Easton, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as supplemental schedules in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and other schedules as listed in the table of contents have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 24, 2009 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

December 24, 2009

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

TOWN OF EASTON, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Management of the Town of Easton offers readers these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

The purpose of the MD&A is to provide to the reader an interpretation of the financial information and results of the fiscal year.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent year by \$58,560,418 (net assets). Of this amount, \$6,959,997 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's total net assets increased by \$2,112,248. Substantially all of the increase is attributable to capital expenditures in excess of depreciation expense and an increase in property tax revenue.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined deficit ending fund balance of \$(2,054,116). The deficit is attributable to capital projects that have not yet been permanently financed.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved and undesignated fund balance for the general fund was \$3,685,291 or 9.2 % of total general fund expenditures and transfers out.
- The Town's total long-term obligations decreased by \$2,610,000 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Easton's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements present only government activities whose functions are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, library, and parks and recreation.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resource, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains 23 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and bonded capital project fund, both of which are considered to be a major fund. Data from the other 21 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The Town maintains one proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses an internal service fund to account for the Board of Education medical insurance benefits. This activity has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a Town's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets exceeded liabilities by \$58,560,418 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the Town's net assets (88.1%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, machinery and equipment and vehicles), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

		Governmental					
		Act	tivit	ties			
		2009	_	2008			
Current and other assets	\$	13,388,939	\$	13,976,388			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	·	92,872,074		86,217,338			
Total assets	_	106,261,013	_	100,193,726			
Long-term debt outstanding		33,352,859		35,833,619			
Other liabilities		14,347,736		7,911,937			
Total liabilities		47,700,595		43,745,556			
Net Assets:							
Invested in capital assets, net of debt		51,600,421		48,297,338			
Unrestricted	_	6,959,997		8,150,832			
Total Net Assets	\$_	58,560,418	\$	56,448,170			

None of the Town's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, \$6,959,997, may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town is able to report positive balances in both categories of net assets for the Town as a whole.

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

Governmental

		Governmentai Activities			
		2009		2008	
Revenues:			_		
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	2,532,048	\$	1,642,250	
Operating grants and contributions		2,861,357		6,259,320	
Capital grants and contributions		704,000		100,000	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		36,009,839		34,899,834	
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes		280,850		290,190	
Investment income		474,555		666,075	
Miscellaneous		47,636		111,534	
Total revenues	_	42,910,285		43,969,203	
Program expenses:					
General government		4,092,538		3,286,740	
Public safety		3,664,813		3,156,500	
Public works		3,285,768		2,542,010	
Health and welfare		1,062,518		385,297	
Education		25,363,524		28,975,752	
Library		776,519		711,604	
Parks and recreation		979,176		779,966	
Interest expense		1,573,181		1,699,680	
Total expenses	_	40,798,037	_	41,537,549	
Increase in Net Assets		2,112,248		2,431,654	
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	_	56,448,170	- <u>-</u>	54,016,516	
Net Assets - End of Year	\$_	58,560,418	_	56,448,170	

Property taxes increased by \$1,110,005 (3.2%) during the year. Most of this increase is to fund normal operating increases including debt service.

Operating grants decreased by \$3,397,963 (54.3%) during the year. Most of this decrease is due to the reduced contribution by the State for the teachers' retirement fund.

Capital grants and contributions increased by \$604,000 (604%) during the year. This increase is due to a grant to fund the construction of the senior center.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's

financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance deficit of \$(2,054,116). This is mainly due to capital projects that have not yet been permanently financed.

The general fund is the operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved, undesignated fund balance was \$3,685,291. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unreserved fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unreserved and undesignated fund balance represents 9.2% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses, while total fund balance represents 12.4% of that same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The most significant difference between the original budget and the final amended budget included additional appropriations of \$69,695 and budget transfers of \$96,355 from various departments to the transfers out account to purchase equipment. The Board of Finance made special appropriations to the following departments: Technology, Senior Center, Municipal Agent, 660 Morehouse Road Facilities, Building, and Town Vault Renovations.

Significant budget variances were positive variances as follows: A total of \$77,441 for general government from various departments, \$79,712 form the police department due to new personnel rates and worker compensation reimbursements, \$74,990 from the public works department and \$35,736 from the EMS department due to workers' compensation reimbursements, \$85,215 from contingency as there were no significant compensation payouts, \$165,418 in the fringe benefits due to employees election to accept "in lieu of" the medical coverage and \$37,480 from debt service due to not permanently bonding this fiscal year.

Bonded Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for financial resources from general obligation bonds to be used for major capital asset construction and/or purchases.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2009 is \$92,872,074 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, machinery and equipment and vehicles.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The completion of a new Little League ball field at the SSES property location fund with the Little League Association, Park and Recreation Activity Fund and a Steap Grant.
- The completion of the new Senior Center Renovation Capital Project funded by a Small Cities Grant, Steap Grant and the Town.
- The Central Office of the Board of Education moved from Monroe to the 660 Morehouse Road location (the old SSES Building).
- The (Old SSES) 660 Morehouse Road facilities and the Easton Country Day School is being renovated with a Fire Suppression System.
- EMS Building Renovation Project to be reimbursed by LoCIP.
- The Wells Hill Bridge Project.
- The remaining additions and deletions consisted of various equipment and vehicles for Town departments.

CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)

	_	Governmental Activities			
	_	2009	2008		
Land	\$	19,028,656 \$	12,878,656		
Construction in progress		1,549,038	8,420		
Land improvements		439,332	236,876		
Buildings		53,822,153	54,686,832		
Building improvements		247,665	172,868		
Machinery and equipment		337,142	323,273		
Vehicles		1,519,875	1,645,589		
Infrastructure	_	15,928,213	16,264,824		
Total	\$_	92,872,074 \$	86,217,338		

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total debt outstanding of \$41,385,000. All of this debt comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

OUTSTANDING DEBT General Obligation Bonds and Notes

		Gover Act		
	_ _	2009	_	2008
General obligation bonds - Town improvements General obligation bonds - School improvements Bond anticipation notes	\$	5,902,500 25,557,500 9,925,000	\$	6,525,500 27,544,500 3,850,000
Total	\$_	41,385,000	\$	37,920,000

The Town is also obligated for a portion of the Regional School District No. 9 general obligation debt in the net amount of \$10,514,240.

On November 7, 2008, the Town issued \$9,925,000 in bond anticipation notes. The interest rate for the notes was 3.25%. The notes were for the elementary school, water main and land acquisition.

During the fiscal year, the Town made bond principal payments of \$12,115,000 for school and general purpose debt.

The Town maintains an "AAA" credit rating from Standard and Poor's for its general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 7 times its tax collections including interest and lien fees and the tax relief for elderly freeze grant. The current debt limitation for the Town is \$251,017,305 which is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The following are some factors that were considered in preparing the Town's budget for the 2010 fiscal year:

- The unemployment rate for the Town is currently 5.3%. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 7.9% and the national average rate of 9.5 %.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.
- The former elementary school building is partially leased to a private school and partially utilized by the Town's Senior Center and leased by Central Office of the Board of Education.
- Town's elected and appointed officials considered Town-wide trends when setting the fiscal year 2010 budget. The Town decided that it was important to continue to support the school system and adopt a budget designed to promote long-term financial stability, conservative budgeting and at the same time, providing excellent services to our residents and taxpayers. In order to meet these objectives, some unions and non-represented employees have agreed to defer wages for (6) six months.
- At June 30, 2009, unreserved and undesignated fund balance in the general fund was \$3,685,291.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chairman, Board of Finance or the Office of the Comptroller, Town of Easton, 225 Center Road, Easton, Connecticut 06612.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2009

		Governmental Activities
Assets:		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,214,604
Investments		7,487,592
Receivables, net		1,392,144
Other assets		1,522
Bond issuance costs		95,302
Total current assets	_	13,191,164
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Assets not being depreciated		20,577,694
Assets being depreciated, net		72,294,380
Total capital assets		92,872,074
Net pension asset		197,775
Total noncurrent assets	_	93,069,849
Total assets		106,261,013
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,704,958
Due to Regional School District No. 9		600,723
Unearned revenue		96,856
Unamortized bond premiums		20,199
Bond anticipation notes		9,925,000
Total current liabilities		14,347,736
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term liabilities due within one year		2,888,255
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year		30,464,604
Total noncurrent liabilities		33,352,859
Total liabilities		47,700,595
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		51,600,421
Unrestricted	_	6,959,997
Total Net Assets	\$	58,560,418

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Net Expenses

TOWN OF EASTON, CONNECTICUT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

					P	Program Reven	ues	8		and Changes in Net Assets
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses	- ,	Charges for Services	-	Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Capital Grants and Contributions		Total Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Library Parks and recreation Interest and fiscal charges	\$	4,092,538 3,664,813 3,285,768 1,062,518 25,363,524 776,519 979,176 1,573,181	\$	499,523 222,509 911,163 513,913 19,451 35,101 330,388	\$	729,492 1,242 4,118 2,126,505	- -	704,000	\$	(2,863,523) (3,441,062) (2,370,487) 155,395 (23,217,568) (741,418) (648,788) (1,573,181)
Total governmental activities	\$_	40,798,037	\$	2,532,048	\$	2,861,357	\$	704,000		(34,700,632)
General revenues: Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted 36,009,839								36,009,839		
		to specific								280,850
		Investment i		_						474,555
		Miscellaneo	us							47,636
Total general revenues								36,812,880		
Change in net assets 2,11							2,112,248			
Net Assets - Beginning of Year 56,448,17							56,448,170			
	1	Net Assets - En	ıd c	of Year					\$	58,560,418

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2009

		General	_	Bonded Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	_		_				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	336,132	\$	814,310	\$	3,064,162	\$ 4,214,604
Investments		6,908,138				579,454	7,487,592
Receivables:		606 145					606 145
Property taxes		626,145				115 502	626,145
Accounts		65,917				115,593	181,510
Intergovernmental		345,963				1,010	346,973
Other assets	_	1,522	_		·		 1,522
Total Assets	\$_	8,283,817	\$_	814,310	\$	3,760,219	\$ 12,858,346
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	CES	}					
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	714,881	\$	751,381	\$	794,362	\$ 2,260,624
Accrued liabilities		982,009					982,009
Due to Regional School District No. 9)	600,723					600,723
Due to other funds		144,385					144,385
Unearned revenue		919,328		80,393			999,721
Bond anticipation notes	_			9,925,000			9,925,000
Total liabilities	_	3,361,326	_	10,756,774	į	794,362	 14,912,462
Fund balances:							
Unreserved, reported in:							
Designated for subsequent							
year's budget		1,000,000					1,000,000
Designated for potential claims		140,000					140,000
Designated for debt service		97,200					97,200
General Fund		3,685,291					3,685,291
Special revenue funds						2,354,871	2,354,871
Capital projects funds				(9,942,464)		610,986	(9,331,478)
Total fund balances	_	4,922,491	_	(9,942,464)		2,965,857	 (2,054,116)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	8,283,817	\$_	814,310	\$	3,760,219	\$ 12,858,346

(Continued on next page)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2009

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds \$ (2,054,116)

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets \$ 118,781,319 Less accumulated depreciation (25,909,245)

Net capital assets 92,872,074

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Net pension asset	197,775
Property tax receivables greater than 60 days	582,654
Interest receivable on property taxes	337,516
Bond issue costs	95,302
Receivable from the state for school construction projects	320,211
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(100,000)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

(25,392)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds and notes payable	(31,460,000)
Interest payable on bonds and notes	(292,548)
Compensated absences	(975,533)
Net OPEB obligation	(231,389)
Deferred charges on refunding	213,347
Bond premium	(20,199)
Heart and hypertension	(899,284)

58,560,418

Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	_	General	_	Bonded Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	35,907,157	\$	9	5	\$	35,907,157
Intergovernmental	_	2,126,327	7		1,709,880	_	3,836,207
Charges for services		645,229		949,815	925,195		2,520,239
Investment income		429,351			45,204		474,555
Contributions		,			69,445		69,445
Total revenues	_	39,108,064	_	949,815	2,749,724	-	42,807,603
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		2,147,026			184,936		2,331,962
Public safety		2,298,181			162,158		2,460,339
Public works		2,043,929			328,146		2,372,075
Health and welfare		334,006			25,089		359,095
Education		24,900,625			287,730		25,188,355
Library		557,870			44,270		602,140
Parks and recreation		379,754			343,178		722,932
Employee benefits		2,366,129					2,366,129
Insurance		464,447					464,447
Debt service		4,183,436					4,183,436
Capital outlay				6,678,454	1,988,641		8,667,095
Total expenditures	_	39,675,403	-	6,678,454	3,364,148	-	49,718,005
Deficiency of Revenues over							
Expenditures	_	(567,339)	_	(5,728,639)	(614,424)	-	(6,910,402)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Sale of capital assets		10,400					10,400
Proceeds from sale of refunding bonds		10,131,537					10,131,537
Payment to refunded bond escrow		(10,131,537)					(10,131,537)
Transfers in		122,065			236,428		358,493
Transfers out	_	(186,428)	_		(172,065)	_	(358,493)
Net other financing sources (uses)	_	(53,963)	_		64,363	-	10,400
Net Change in Fund Balances		(621,302)		(5,728,639)	(550,061)		(6,900,002)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	5,543,793	_	(4,213,825)	3,515,918	-	4,845,886
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$_	4,922,491	\$_	(9,942,464)	2,965,857	\$	(2,054,116)

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Reconciliation of changes in fund balances - governmental funds to changes in net assets of governmental activities

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are due to:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ (6,900,002)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	8,110,870
Depreciation expense	(1,437,612)

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins and donations) is to increase net assets. In the statement of activities, only the loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold.

(18,522)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and revenues recognized in the fund financial statements are not recognized in the statement of activities:

School building grant receipts	(154,186)
Increase in property tax receivable - accrual basis change	81,483
Increase in property tax interest and lien revenue	21,199
Net pension asset	(123,809)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Princip	กล1 เ	renav	ments:
1 111101	Jui	cpuy	michico.

Payments on bond principal	2,610,000
Proceeds from sale of refunding bonds	10,131,537
Payment to refund bond escrow	(10,131,537)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Net OPEB expense	(231,389)
Heart and hypertension claims	123,482
Compensated absences	(102,442)
Accrued interest payable	66,646
Amortization of bond premium	3,366
Amortization of bond issue costs	(9,338)
Amortization of deferred charges	81,109

Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge costs of medical insurance to individual departments:

The net expense of the activities of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities (8,607)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

5 2,112,248

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUND

JUNE 30, 2009

	-	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Assets:		
Current asset:		
Due from other funds	\$_	144,385
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities:		
Claims payable		130,471
Other liabilities		39,306
Total liabilities		169,777
Net Assets:		
Unrestricted	\$ <u></u>	(25,392)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	_	Governmental Activities	
	-	Internal Service Fund	
Operating Revenue:			
Premiums	\$_	1,983,792	
Operating Expenses: Claims Administration Total operating expenses	- -	1,818,571 173,828 1,992,399	
Operating Loss		(8,607)	
Total Net Assets - Beginning of Year	-	(16,785)	
Total Net Assets - End of Year	\$_	(25,392)	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	_	Governmental Activities Internal
	_	Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Premiums received	\$	1,975,691
Claim payments	φ	(1,801,863)
Administrative payments		(173,828)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	-
Net Increase in Cash		-
Cash - Beginning of Year	<u> </u>	
Cash - End of Year	\$	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash		
Used in Operating Activities: Operating loss	\$	(8,607)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	Ψ	(0,007)
used in operating activities:		
Increase (decrease):		16,708
Claims payable Other liabilities		(46,094)
Decrease:		(10,0)1)
Due from other funds	_	37,993
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2009

	_	Pension Trust Fund		Agency Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	730,503	\$	1,591,397
Investments, at fair value: Mutual funds		8,154,487		
Accounts receivable		154,812		
Prepaid benefits	_	89,450	_	
Total assets		9,129,252	\$_	1,591,397
Liability: Accounts payable	_		\$_	1,591,397
Net Assets: Net assets held in trust for pension benefits	\$	9,129,252		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Pension Trust Fund
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer \$	254,000
Plan members	187,906
Total contributions	441,906
Investment income (expense):	
Net depreciation in fair value of investments	(2,829,525)
Interest and dividends	421,598
Net investment expense	(2,407,927)
Total net deductions	(1,966,021)
Deductions:	
Benefits	499,540
Changes in Net Assets	(2,465,561)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	11,594,813
Net Assets - End of Year \$	9,129,252

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Easton (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town was incorporated in 1845. The Town governs itself by majority vote of the Town Meeting, its legislative body. The executive body is the Board of Selectmen. The Town provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), public works, parks and recreation, education and library.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to "or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus but are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, expenditure reimbursement type grants, certain intergovernmental revenues, transfers, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Bonded Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial revenues to be used for major capital asset construction and/or purchases funded by debt issuances.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for risk financing activities for the medical insurance benefits as allowed by GASB Statement No. 10.

The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the Easton Employees' Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

The Agency Fund accounts for monies held on behalf of students and amounts held for performance related activities.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. The Town also has the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service funds are charges to customers for medical insurance benefits. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments

<u>Deposits</u> - The Town considers cash equivalents as cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisitions.

<u>Investments</u> - Investments for the Town are reported at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

Interfunds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

Property Taxes and Other Receivables

For the government-wide financial statements, all trade, property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowance percentages range from 8-20% of outstanding receivable balances at June 30, 2009, and are calculated based upon prior collections.

For the fund financial statements, property taxes receivable at June 30, 2009, which have not been collected within 60 days of June 30, have been recorded as deferred revenue since they are not considered to be available to finance expenditures of the current year. Taxes collected during the 60 day period have been recorded as revenue.

Property taxes are assessed on property as of October 1. Taxes are billed in the following July and are due in two installments, July 1 and the following January 1. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing before the end of the year following the due date.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment, \$20,000 for improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	75
Building improvements	30-50
Land improvements	6-25
Vehicles	4-28
Equipment	4-28
Infrastructure	75

Compensated Absences

Employees are paid by prescribed formulas for absence due to vacation or sickness. The eligibility for vacation pay vests when earned for all Town employees except the Police Department, Highway Department, Fire Department and certified employees of the Easton Board of Education employees. All compensated absences are paid by the General Fund.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity and Net Assets

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are classified into the following categories:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt

This category presents the net assets that reflect capital assets net of only the debt applicable to the acquisition or construction of these assets. Debt issued for non-capital purpose is excluded.

Restricted Net Assets

This category presents the net assets restricted by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations).

Unrestricted Net Assets

This category presents the net assets of the Town which are not restricted.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures during the fiscal year.

Comparative Data/Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the financial statements of the General Fund, the only fund with a legally adopted annual budget. On or before the first Thursday in April, the Board of Finance submits to a Town Meeting, at which taxpayer comments are obtained, a proposed operating budget for the year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

- The budget is recommended by the Board of Finance at a Town Meeting and, if accepted, is adopted prior to July 1.
- The Board of Finance is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and between departments and to approve the first additional appropriation for a department, not to exceed \$20,000, in any one year. Additional appropriations after the first or in excess of \$20,000 must be approved by vote of a Town Meeting. During the year, the Board of Finance or Town Meeting approved additional appropriations of \$79,955 from fund balance.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level.
- The Board of Education, which is not a separate legal entity but a function of the Town, is authorized under State law to make any transfers required within their budget at their discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Board of Education, Board of Finance and Town Meeting approval.
- Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end, except for those for the Capital Projects Funds. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.

B. Deficit Fund Balance

The following funds had fund balance deficits at June 30, 2009:

\$ (9,942,464)
(74,967)
(4,817)
(25,392)
\$

The special revenue fund deficits will be eliminated in the future with charges for services and contributions.

C. Capital Projects Authorizations

The following is a summary of major Capital Projects at June 30, 2009:

<u>Fund</u>	-	Authorization	•	Current Year Expenditures	_	Cumulative Expenditures		Balance June 30, 2009
Capital nonrecurring:								
Wells hill bridge	\$	115,324	\$	36,635	\$	76,489	\$	38,835
Town improvement trust fund	Ψ	48,472	Ψ	2,207	Ψ	2,207	Ψ	46,265
Fire truck		886,100		2,207		504,063		382,037
EMS ambulance		281,400				127,053		154,347
Heat and smoke systems		6,500				127,033		6,500
Toth park pavilion		27,860		27,695		27,695		165
Senior center van		43,000		27,073		42,981		19
Band stand site		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Fire code work		14,925		3,000		4,925		10,000
Subdivision funds		116,261				11,210		105,051
Planning and zoning town plans		52,250		19,250		47,599		4,651
Town garage		122,285		17,230		110,981		11,304
Highway salt shed		415,500				7,410		408,090
EMS defibrillator		65,355		31,119		64,260		1,095
EMS- generator		10,375		1,839		7,522		2,853
Toth park		6,725		1,037		6,180		545
Revaluation		363,926		750		327,985		35,941
Telephone system Town Hall		6,500		6,495		6,495		5
Central office relocation		19,500		0,123		19,244		256
Fire department breathing apparatus		77,500		2,568		77,353		147
Park and recreation veterans park		46,050		2,300		44,810		1,240
Morehouse Road little league fields		105,000		99,695		99,695		5,305
Senior center renovation		117,830		,,,,,,		116,789		1,041
UST/Line upgrade		47,301				,		47,301
Highway trucks		88,700				87,936		764
Fire Suppression Old Samuel Staples		22,, 22				0.7,500		
Renovation		250,000		226,683		226,683		23,317
Fire Suppression Old Samuel Staples								
- five zones		20,000				15,774		4,226
Fire Suppression Old Samuel Staples		107.000		10.022		10.022		1.66.060
(Easton Country Day)		185,000		18,932		18,932		166,068
EMS building renovations		56,805		11,096		31,928		24,877
Financials		5,038		7.020		5,038		-
Animal shelter		30,000		7,020		16,960		13,040
Bonded capital projects:								
Water main extension		363,164		11,992		286,985		76,179
School building committee "2001"		31,239,088		61,819		31,116,281		122,807
Staples elementary		1,643,500				1,614,554		28,946
C.O. bonding authorization		370,858		361,210		361,210		9,648
South Park Avenue		6,450,000		6,182,780		6,182,780		267,220
HKMS school building commission		11,168,617				11,159,220		9,397

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402) (the Statutes). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by the Statutes or in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit in an "out of state bank," as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Statues. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. The Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$2,214,307 of the Town's bank balance of \$3,134,398 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 1,917,876
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in the Town's name	296,431
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 2,214,307

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2009, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$2,949,183. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard and Poor's	Fitch Ratings
State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund* State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) MBIA, Inc Cooperative Liquid Assets	AAAm	
Securities System (CLASS)		AAA

^{*}Not rated

Investments

As of June 30, 2009, the Town had the following investments:

					Invest	me	nt Maturiti	ies (Years)		
	Credit		Fair		Less				More	
Investment Type	Rating		Value	_	Than 1		1 - 10		Than 10	
Interest bearing investments: U.S. Government										
Agency bonds	AAA	\$	6,908,138	\$		\$	1,200,357	\$	5,707,781	
Corporate bonds	BB- A		138,972		138,972					
Corporate bonds	A		30,993				30,993			
Corporate bonds	BBB-		9,715	_					9,715	
Total			7,087,818	\$	138,972	\$	1,231,350	\$	5,717,496	
Other investments: Preferred stock			71,091							
Mutual funds		•	8,483,170	-						
Total Investments		\$	15,642,079	=						

^{*}Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and collateralization. N/A - Not applicable

Interest Rate Risk - The Town limits their maximum final stated maturities to 15 years, unless specific authority is given to exceed. To the extent possible, the Town will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.

Credit Risk - Investments - As indicated above, the Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has an investment policy that allows the same type of investments as the Statutes.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Town has no policy limiting an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2009, the Town did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the Town's name.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Town's individual major fund and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	-	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Fiduciary Funds	· -	Total
Receivables: Interest*	\$		\$	\$		\$	_
Taxes	Ψ	726,145	Ψ	Ψ		Ψ	726,145
Accounts		65,917	115,593		154,812		336,322
Intergovernmental	_	345,963	1,010			_	346,973
Gross receivables		1,138,025	116,603		154,812		1,409,440
Less allowance for							
uncollectibles	-	(100,000)				-	(100,000)
Net Total Receivables	\$	1,038,025	\$ 116,603	\$	154,812	\$	1,309,440

^{*}Accrued interest on property taxes in the amount of \$337,516 is not included in the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u></u>	J navailable		Unearned
Delinquent property taxes receivable Grant drawdowns not yet earned	\$	582,654	\$	96,856
School building grants		320,211		
Total Deferred/Unearned Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$	902,865	\$_	96,856

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Communication of the second				
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 12,878,656 \$	6 6,150,000 \$	\$	19,028,656
	\$ 12,878,030 \$ 8,420		Ф	
Construction in progress		1,540,618		1,549,038
Total capital assets not being depreciated	12,887,076	7,690,618		20,577,694
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	339,338	219,487		558,825
Buildings	67,530,493			67,530,493
Building improvements	181,856	79,863		261,719
Machinery and equipment	1,198,578	50,365		1,248,943
Vehicles	3,814,681	70,537	(41,146)	3,844,072
Infrastructure	24,759,573			24,759,573
Total capital assets being depreciated	97,824,519	420,252	(41,146)	98,203,625
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(102,462)	(17,031)		(119,493)
Buildings	(12,843,661)	(864,679)		(13,708,340)
Building improvements	(8,988)	(5,066)		(14,054)
Machinery and equipment	(875,305)	(36,496)		(911,801)
Vehicles	(2,169,092)	(177,729)	22,624	(2,324,197)
Infrastructure	(8,494,749)	(336,611)		(8,831,360)
Total accumulated depreciation	(24,494,257)	(1,437,612)	22,624	(25,909,245)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	73,330,262	(1,017,360)	(18,522)	72,294,380
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 86,217,338 \$	6,673,258 \$	(18,522) \$	92,872,074

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	543,320
Public safety		101,458
Public works		100,328
Education		675,117
Library	-	17,389
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	1,437,612

6. INTERFUND ACCOUNTS

At June 30, 2009, the amounts due to and from other funds were as follows:

 Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
 ·		
Internal Service Funds	General Fund	\$ 144,385

Interfund receivables and payables generally represent temporary balances arising from reimbursement type transactions.

Interfund transfers:

		Tra	Transfers In						
	Nonmajor General Governmental Fund Funds								
Transfers out: General Fund Nonmajor governmental	\$	122,065	\$	186,428 50,000	\$	186,428 172,065			
Total Transfers Out	\$	122,065	\$	236,428	\$	358,493			

All transfers represent routine recurring transactions to move resources from one fund to another.

7. SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS - BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES

The Town uses bond anticipation notes during the construction period of various public projects prior to the issuance of the bonds at the completion of the project.

Short-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

		Balance						Balance
Type of Obligation		July 1, 2008		Additions Deletions			_	June 30, 2009
Bond anticipation notes:								
Elementary school construction	\$	3,486,836	\$	3,411,836	\$	3,486,836	\$	3,411,836
Land acquisition				6,150,000				6,150,000
Water main improvements		363,164	_	363,164	_	363,164	_	363,164
	-						_	
Total	\$	3,850,000	\$	9,925,000	\$	3,850,000	\$	9,925,000

On November 7, 2008, the Town issued \$9,925,000 of bond anticipation notes. These bond anticipation notes bear interest at 3.25% and mature on November 6, 2009, and are for elementary school construction, water main improvements and land acquisition.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations during the fiscal year:

	Original Amount	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Bonds:									
General purpose:									
Refunding bond	\$ 720,000	02/01/99	02/10/10	3.4-5.0	\$ 119,000	\$	\$ 60,000	\$ 59,000 \$	59,000
Improvement bond	6,730,000	10/15/01	10/15/21	3.25-4.75	4,711,000		4,038,000	673,000	
Refunding bond	3,318,000	02/15/03	06/01/15	1.6-4.0	1,695,500		264,500	1,431,000	251,000
Refunding bond (2001 issue)	3,739,500	05/28/09	10/15/21	3.0-5.0		3,739,500		3,739,500	302,000
Total general purpose					6,525,500	3,739,500	4,362,500	5,902,500	612,000
Schools:									
Refunding bond	4,900,000	02/01/99	02/01/10	3.4-5.0	791,000		400,000	391,000	391,000
Improvement bond	10,370,000	10/15/01	10/15/21	3.25-4.75	7,259,000		6,222,000	1,037,000	
Refunding bond	447,000	01/15/03	06/01/15	1.6-4.0	229,500		25,500	204,000	473,000
Improvement bond	12,500,000	11/01/04	11/01/24	2.75-4.3	10,625,000		625,000	10,000,000	34,000
Improvement bond	9,600,000	11/01/05	11/01/25	3.75-5.0	8,640,000		480,000	8,160,000	625,000
Refunding bond (2001 issue)	5,765,500	05/28/09	10/15/21	3.0-5.0		5,765,500		5,765,500	480,000
Total schools					27,544,500	5,765,500	7,752,500	25,557,500	2,003,000
Total bonds/notes					34,070,000	9,505,000	12,115,000	31,460,000	2,615,000
Deferred charge in refunding issue					(132,238)	(100,000)	18,891	(213,347)	
Bond premium					23,565		3,366	20,199	
Total bonds and related liabilities					33,961,327	9,405,000	12,137,257	31,266,852	2,615,000
Compensated absences					873,091	102,442		975,533	195,107
Heart and hypertension					1,022,766		123482	899,284	78148
Net OPEB obligation						231,389		231,389	
Total General Long-Term Obligations					\$ 35,857,184	\$ 9,738,831	\$ 12,260,739	\$ 33,373,058 \$	2,888,255

All long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

The following is a summary of amounts to be provided by the State of Connecticut for the retirement of school bonds and bond and note maturities:

		To Be Provided By State Bonds								Payable
Year Ending June 30,	_	For Principal		For Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
2010	\$	149,066	\$	2,448	\$	2,615,000	\$	1,130,032	\$	3,745,032
2011		145,741		926		2,300,000		1,076,491		3,376,491
2012		5,269		753		2,240,000		994,988		3,234,988
2013		5,175		560		2,280,000		909,944		3,189,944
2014		5,081		369		2,275,000		830,477		3,105,477
2015		5,081		179		2,240,000		758,081		2,998,081
2016		4,798				1,970,000		682,581		2,652,581
2017						1,970,000		604,725		2,574,725
2018						1,970,000		522,100		2,492,100
2019						1,965,000		447,700		2,412,700
2020						1,950,000		373,700		2,323,700
2021						1,945,000		292,175		2,237,175
2022						1,945,000		205,781		2,150,781
2023						1,105,000		138,431		1,243,431
2024						1,105,000		91,313		1,196,313
2025						1,105,000		44,038		1,149,038
2026						480,000		10,200		490,200
Total	\$	320,211	\$_	5,235	\$	31,460,000	\$_	9,112,757	\$	40,572,757

In addition to the above recorded amounts, the Town participates with the Town of Redding in providing a regional high school for students residing in each town. Accordingly, the outstanding debt and related interest expense of Regional School District No. 9 (the District) is shared by Easton and Redding based upon the respective number of students attending from each town. Total outstanding debt of the District at June 30, 2009, which matures through 2026, amounted to \$22,660,000. The Town's share of the debt, net of the related grant, was \$10,514,240.

Refunding of Debt

The Town issued general obligation bonds dated May 28, 2009 to advance refund \$9,405,000 of the outstanding principal amount of the general obligation bonds dated October 15, 2001. Upon issuance of the new bonds and deposit of the proceeds of the bonds with the escrow agent, the refunded bonds will be considered defeased and no longer outstanding. As of June 30, 2009, the defeased amount is \$9,405,000. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payment over the next 13 years by \$365,960.

Heart and Hypertension

The Town has recognized an estimated liability for possible future heart and hypertension claims by members of the police and fire departments, based on current actuarial valuation.

Legal Debt Limitation

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	Debt Limit	Net Indebtedness	Balance
General purpose	\$ 80,684,134	\$ 12,195,520	\$ 68,488,614
Schools	161,368,268	39,254,319	122,113,949
Sewers	134,473,556	363,164	134,110,392
Urban renewal	116,543,749		116,543,749
Pension deficit	107,578,845		107,578,845

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, \$251,017,305, or seven times the base for debt limitation computation.

The indebtedness reflected above includes bonds outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bond anticipation notes are issued and outstanding. School building grants receivable of \$320,211 for bond principal is reflected as deductions in the computation of net indebtedness.

Authorized/Unissued Bonds

The amount of authorized/unissued bonds is \$143,020 for general purposes and \$90,954 for school purposes.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to public officials and police liability, Board of Education liability, torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to employees or acts of God. Except for medical insurance, the Town purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss. The Town established an internal service fund, the medical insurance fund, to account for and finance the retained risk of loss for the Town's medical benefits claims.

The Easton Board of Education, along with the Redding Board of Education and Regional School District No. 9, participates in a medical self-insurance plan that accounts for health benefits provided to participants and their families. Recommended monthly deposits are calculated by the plan administrator and claims processor. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

The medical claims fund is substantially funded by the Town's general fund based upon estimates for the number of employees and type of coverage (single or family) and trends in the insurance claims and estimates for administration. The claims liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statements No. 10 and 30, which require that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is possible that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the possible loss can be reasonably estimated. The amount of claim accrual is based on the ultimate costs of settling the claim, which includes past experience data, inflation and other future economic and societal factors and incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of estimated subrogation recoveries. The claim accrual does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

An analysis of the activity in the claims liability for the medical insurance fund is as follows:

	-	Claims Payable July 1	 Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claims Payments	 Claims Payable June 30
2007-2008 2008-2009	\$	127,358 113,763	\$ 1,664,427 1,818,571	\$	1,678,022 1,801,863	\$ 113,763 130,471

10. PENSION PLANS

A. Plan Description

The Town has a contributory pension plan covering substantially all full-time employees and noncertified Board of Education employees. Uniformed police department employees and fire department employees participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), administered by the Municipal Employees' Retirement Commission. The certified faculty and administrative personnel of the Board of Education participate in a contributory retirement plan administered by the State Retirement Board. The Town does not contribute to this plan.

Town of Easton Retirement Plan I and II

The Town is administrator of the Town of Easton Retirement Plan I and II, a single employer defined benefit pension plan established and maintained by the Town to provide pension benefits for its full-time employees other than police officers, fire department employees and teachers. The Pension Commission makes recommendations for plan provisions which are approved by the Board of Finance. The pension plan is included in the financial statements as a single pension fund since the assets may be used to pay benefits or refunds of any plan member or beneficiary. The plan does not issue separate, stand-alone financial reports.

The Town of Easton Retirement Plan I and II provide retirement benefits. Benefits vest after 10 years of service. Members may retire at various ages as determined by employee group. Members are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable for life, for an amount determined by formula for each year of service. Administration costs are financed from investment earnings.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The Pension trust fund's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues (contributions and investment income) are recognized when they are earned, and expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value based upon quoted market prices.

Classes of Employees Covered

As of July 1, 2008, the plan's membership consisted of:

49
33
106
188

C. Benefit Provisions

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established according to the Pension Trust Agreement and the Pension and Employee Benefit Commission. The Pension and Employee Benefit Commission Members serve as plan trustees, as well as hiring the plan actuary. The Town's contribution to the plan is actuarially determined on an annual basis using the frozen initial liability cost method. Employees are required to contribute to the plan in varying amounts ranging from 2.25% for Board of Education employees to 6.58% for Highway Management employees.

Schedule of Employer Contributions and Net Pension Obligation

Year Ended June 30,	Actual Contribution	-	Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	ercentage of ARC ontributed	_	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	of	centage APC tributed	_	Net Pension Asset (Obligation)
2004	\$ 420,000	\$	510,074	82.3%	\$	512,907		81.9%	\$	(38,304)
2005	500,000		432,663	115.6		430,579		116.1		31,117
2006	469,000		350,716	133.7		352,331		133.1		147,786
2007	415,000		320,622	129.4		328,924		126.2		233,862
2008	360,000		257,959	139.6		272,278		132.2		321,584
2009	254,000		362,172	70.1		377,809		67.2		197,775

Actuarial Assumptions

The data presented in the schedule of funding progress and schedule of employer contributions were determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated.

Additional information as of the actuarial valuation within the current year is as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	July 1, 2008
Actuarial cost method	Frozen Entry Age
Amortization method	Level Dollar
Remaining amortization periods	N/A
Asset valuation methods	Fair Value
A stravial A servertians	
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7%
Projected salary increases	3%
Cost of living adjustments	3%

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Asset

The Town's annual pension cost and net pension asset for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	362,172
Interest on net pension asset Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	(22,512) 38,149
Annual pension cost Contributions made	_	377,809 254,000
Decrease in net pension asset		(123,809)
Net pension asset - July 1, 2008	_	321,584
Net Pension Asset - June 30, 2009	\$_	197,775

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	=	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	-	Actuarial Accrued Liability(AAL) (b)	_	Funded (Unfunded) AAL (UAAL) (a-b)	Percentage Funded (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)
7/1/04	\$	8,905,793	\$	10,385,613	\$	1,479,820	85.8%	\$ 3,075,804	48.11%
7/1/05		9,136,909		10,048,650		911,741	90.9	3,101,427	29.40
7/1/06		10,393,040		10,919,909		526,869	95.2	3,457,793	15.24
7/1/07		12,148,662		11,932,419		(216,243)	101.8	3,653,568	(5.92)
7/1/08		11,594,133		12,430,130		835,997	93.3	3,976,807	21.02

11. MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

A. Plan Description

Police officers and fire department employees of the Town participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund (MERF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to the employees and beneficiaries of participating municipalities. Chapter 113 Part II of the General Statutes of Connecticut, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes PERS benefits, member contribution rates, and other plan provisions. MERF is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106 or by calling 860-702-3480.

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by State Statute to contribute 2-1/4% of earnings upon which Social Security tax is paid plus 5% of earnings on which no Social Security tax is paid. Each participating municipality is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 7% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the Town are established and may be amended by the State Retirement Commission. The Town's contributions to MERF for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$134,489, \$257,959 and \$145,862, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

C. On-Behalf Payments

The amount of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan contribution recognized in the General Fund intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures for contributions made by the State onbehalf of the Town's teachers was \$1,087,664. This amount is significantly less than the prior year as the State issued bonds during 2008 to increase its contribution.

12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

Town

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 10, all Town employees retiring under the Town of Easton Retirement Plan are provided post-employment benefits. The level of these benefits is determined by contract for all union employees and by a Town of Easton ordinance for all non-represented employees. Per contracts and ordinances, the Town pays the full cost of these benefits. Benefits provided are as follows:

Non-Union Employees and Highway/Public Works Employees

Eligibility for Medical, Dental and Life Coverage	Retirement on or after attaining age 55 with 5 years of service or after 25 years of service.
Retiree/Spouse Cost of Medical Coverage	Retiree pays full cost of insurance, spouse can continue coverage after retiree's death.
Plan of Coverage	Various fully insured medical plans. Medicare supplement plan coverage on or after age 65.
Retiree/Spouse Cost of Dental Coverage	Retiree pays full cost of insurance.
Life Insurance Benefit	Fully paid for by retiree.

Police and Fire

Eligibility for Medical, Dental and Life

Coverage

Retirement on or after attaining age 55 with 5 years of service or after 25 years of service.

Retiree/Spouse Cost of Medical Coverage Retiree pays full cost of insurance, spouse can

continue coverage after retiree's death.

Plan of Coverage Various fully insured medical plans. Medicare

supplement plan coverage on or after age 65.

Retiree/Spouse Cost of Dental Coverage Retiree pays full cost of insurance.

Life Insurance Benefit Fully paid for by retiree.

Board of Education

The Board of Education provides certain post-retirement benefits to retirees through negotiated contracts. Eligibility for benefits is as follows:

Teachers

Eligibility for Medical, Dental and Life Retirement under State of Connecticut Teachers

Coverage

Retirement under State of Connecticut Teacher Retirement Plan (age 50 with 30 years, age 55

with 25 years or 60 with 10 years).

Retiree/Spouse Cost of Medical Coverage Retiree pays full cost of insurance (COBRA rates)

spouse can continue coverage after retiree's

death.

Plan of Coverage Self-insured medical plan. Medicare supplement

plan coverage on or after age 65 if

eligible for Medicare.

Retiree/Spouse Cost of Dental Coverage Retiree pays full cost of insurance.

Life Insurance Benefit None.

Other Board of Education Employees

Eligibility for Medical, Dental and Life
Coverage

Retirement on or after attaining age 55 with 5
years of service or after 25 years of service.

Retiree/Spouse Cost of Medical Coverage Retiree pays full cost of insurance, spouse can

continue coverage after retiree's death.

Plan of Coverage Self-insured medical plan. Medicare supplement

plan coverage on or after age 65.

Retiree/Spouse Cost of Dental Coverage Retiree pays full cost of insurance.

Life Insurance Benefit None.

B. Membership

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2008:

	Town of Easton Retiree Medical Benefit Plan
Number of retirees and eligible surviving spouses Number of active participants	13 250
Total	263

C. Description of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

The following is a summary of certain significant actuarial assumptions and other PERS information:

	Town of Easton Retiree Medical Plan
Actuarial valuation date	July 1, 2008
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit
	Credit Cost
Amortization method	Level dollar
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	4.5%/annum
Projected salary increases	n/a

Retirement Assumptions:

Town

Town, Fire and Police: Age 55 with 5 years of service or 25 years of service, minimum age 45.

Board of Education

Teachers: Age 60 and 20 years service, or 35 years service. Early retirement – age 55 and 20 years service or 25 years service.

Other: Age 55 with 5 years of service or 25 years of service, minimum age 45.

D. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town's annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation for the current year were as follows:

	-	Town of Easton Retiree Medical Benefit Plan
Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required	\$	331,272
contribution	_	- 221 272
Annual OPEB cost		331,272
Contribution made	_	(99,883)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		231,389
Net OPEB obligation, July 1, 2008	_	-
Net OPEB Obligation, June 30, 2009	\$ \$_	231,389

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation (asset) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 is presented below. Data is only presented for one fiscal year as it is only the first year of implementation.

	_	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	_	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	 Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)	
6/30/09	\$	331,272	\$	99,883	30.2%	\$ 231,389	

Schedule of Funding Progress

The annual other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation (asset):

	Actuarial Value					UAAL as a
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	Underfunded AAL (OAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/08	\$ -	\$ 2,777,663	\$ 2,777,663	-%	\$ 12,665,797	21.9%

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are various lawsuits and claims pending against the Town, the ultimate effect of which, if any, cannot presently be determined; however, the ultimate resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

State and Federal grants received by the Town are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed, if any, cannot be determined at this time; however, the Town's management believes any such disallowance will be immaterial.

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Duuget	Duuget	Actual	Buuget
Property Taxes:				
Property taxes, current and prior	\$ 35,515,112	35,515,112	\$ 35,645,562	\$ 130,450
Interest and lien fees	100,000	100,000	203,168	103,168
Telephone access	44,148	44,148	58,427	14,279
Total property taxes	35,659,260	35,659,260	35,907,157	247,897
Intergovernmental:				
Educational assistance:				
Special education and education cost share	593,868	593,868	591,220	(2,648)
Regional School District No. 9	13,392	13,392		(13,392)
School building grant	409,469	409,469	154,691	(254,778)
Other	14,079	14,079	7,784	(6,295)
Total educational assistance	1,030,808	1,030,808	753,695	(277,113)
Town Assistance:				
Town aid roads	113,775	113,775	113,635	(140)
Infrastructure	615,613	615,613		(615,613)
In lieu of tax loss - boats	4,814	4,814	4,814	-
Elderly tax relief	41,225	41,225	37,294	(3,931)
Tax relief for the totally disabled			2,991	2,991
State owned property	74,287	74,287	74,532	245
Mashantucket Pequot grant	20,865	20,865	21,395	530
Civil preparedness	2,052	2,052	4,118	2,066
Property tax relief (veterans)	10,329	10,329	8,247	(2,082)
Miscellaneous	20,273	20,273	17,942	(2,331)
Total town assistance	903,233	903,233	284,968	(618,265)
Total intergovernmental	1,934,041	1,934,041	1,038,663	(895,378)
Investment Income	437,500	437,500	429,351	(8,149)
Charges for Services:				
Town clerk	200,000	200,000	156,305	(43,695)
Building inspection fees and permits	120,000	120,000	108,429	(11,571)
Health department	18,000	18,000	17,640	(360)
Planning and zoning	15,000	15,000	17,293	2,293
Conservation commission	15,000	15,000	14,522	(478)
Police department	65,000	65,000	74,579	9,579
First selectman	85,000	85,000	78,682	(6,318)
Municipal Building Leases	105,000	105,000	137,171	32,171

(Continued on next page)

\$ 39,240,529

TOWN OF EASTON, CONNECTICUT

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	-	Actual		Variance With Final Budget
Fire marshal	\$	200	200	\$	20	\$	(180)
Parks and recreation	-	2,900	2,900	_	7,180	-	4,280
Region 9 tuition		_,,	_,,		10,378		10,378
BOE tuition		14,055	14,055		9,073		(4,982)
Recycling bins		,	,		689		689
Highway department		1,400	1,400		1,850		450
EMS		,	,		,		-
Other		500	500		11,418		10,918
Total charges for services	_	642,055	642,055	-	645,229	_	3,174
Total Revenues	_	38,672,856	38,672,856	-	38,020,400	_	(652,456)
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfer in		80,000	80,000		122,065		42,065
Sale of capital assets	_			_	10,400		10,400
Total other financing sources	_	80,000	80,000	-	132,465	_	52,465
Surplus Appropriated to Finance Budget	_	637,929	637,929	-		_	(637,929)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$_	39,390,785	39,390,785		38,152,865	\$_	(1,237,920)
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the C State Teachers' Retirement System for Town teach	onnecti	icut		_	1,087,664	·	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Repor Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance							

Exhibit IV

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	_	Original Budget		Additional Appropriations and Transfers	· <u>-</u>	Final Budget		Actual	_	Variance With Final Budget
General Government:										
Town clerk	\$	145,952	\$	19,675	\$	165,627	\$	163,506	\$	2,121
First selectman		159,213				159,213		153,655		5,558
Probate court		6,400				6,400		6,314		86
Registrar of voters		62,749				62,749		48,311		14,438
Board of finance		7,200				7,200		6,552		648
Auditors		35,000				35,000		34,000		1,000
Treasurer		189,166		13,000		202,166		195,547		6,619
Assessor		111,220				111,220		109,828		1,392
Board of assessment appeals		600				600		358		242
Tax collector		92,001				92,001		89,504		2,497
Town attorney		130,000				130,000		129,824		176
Planning and zoning commission		114,146				114,146		103,850		10,296
Zoning board of appeals		7,044				7,044		6,111		933
Building department		91,716		2,782		94,498		94,440		58
Technology Computer		32,000		20,000		52,000		50,147		1,853
Town Hall		140,641		-,		140,641		136,033		4,608
Communication dispatchers		212,407				212,407		192,424		19,983
Commission for the elderly		55,443		1,515		56,958		55,153		1,805
Senior center		148,081		7,429		155,510		155,362		148
SSS building		390,087		20,000		410,087		407,414		2,673
Insurance service fee		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		8,500		8,500		8,500		-,
Public celebrations		500		3,2 3 3		500		193		307
Total general government	-	2,131,566	•	92,901	-	2,224,467	-	2,147,026	-	77,441
	_		•		_				_	·
Public Safety:										
Police department		1,546,481				1,546,481		1,466,769		79,712
Fire department		741,569				741,569		730,506		11,063
Fire marshall		29,158				29,158		22,243		6,915
Emergency management		8,522				8,522		7,635		887
Firehouse rent		40,000				40,000		40,000		-
Conservation commission		39,207				39,207		31,028		8,179
Total public safety	_	2,404,937		-	_	2,404,937	-	2,298,181	_	106,756
D. 111 W. 1					_					
Public Works:										
Recycling		136,810				136,810		131,351		5,459
Highway department		1,973,504				1,973,504		1,898,514		74,990
Street lights		1,703		79		1,782		1,782		-
Engineering and professional services	_	40,500			_	40,500		12,282	_	28,218
Total public works	_	2,152,517		79	_	2,152,596	-	2,043,929		108,667
Health and Welfare:										
PHNA		100				100		100		_
Health director		83,377				83,377		81,920		1,457
EMS commission		281,838				281,838		249,604		32,234
Welfare		4,427				4,427		2,382		2,045
Total health and welfare	-	369,742	•		-	369,742	-	334,006	-	35,736
Total ficaltif and Wellare	_	307,174			_	307,174		JJ7,000	_	33,130

(Continued on next page)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Education: Easton Board of Education: General instruction \$6,950,209 \$ (99,850) \$ 6,850,359 \$ 6,850,359 \$ -
Easton Board of Education: General instruction \$ 6,950,209 \$ (99,850) \$ 6,850,359 \$ 6,850,359 \$ - Kindergarten 11,100 11,100 11,100 - Humanities 37,115 (123) 36,992 36,992 - Integrated language arts 25,177 3,167 28,344 28,344 - Curriculum 52,757 3,363 56,120 56,120 - Industrial technology 8,725 (3,500) 5,225 5,225 - Science/math technology 32,929 3,714 36,643 36,643 - Physical education/health 4,815 4,815 4,815 - Special services 31,205 31,205 31,205 - Special education 3,073,210 (14,070) 3,059,140 - Guidance 7,725 7,725 7,725 7,725 - Health services 164,138 (2,681) 161,457 161,457 - Psychological services 40,380 (8,185) 32,195 32,195 - Speech services 14,350 (2,625) 11,725 11,725 - Educational media services 85,741 (2,998) 82,743 82,743 - Technology plan 198,193 9,756 207,949 207,949 - Board of education 50,430 50,430 50,430 - Central administration 486,491 486,491 - School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Food service 3,300 3,300 3,300 - Total Easton Board of Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 14,419,259 -
Kindergarten 11,100 11,100 11,100 - Intogramed language arts 37,115 (123) 36,992 36,992 36,992 - Intogramed language arts 25,177 3,167 28,344 28,344 - Industrial technology 25,177 3,363 56,120 56,120 - Industrial technology 8,725 (3,500) 5,225 5,225 - S,225 - S,225 <t< td=""></t<>
Kindergarten 11,100 11,100 11,100 - Intogramed language arts 37,115 (123) 36,992 36,992 36,992 - Intogramed language arts 25,177 3,167 28,344 28,344 - Industrial technology 25,177 3,363 56,120 56,120 - Industrial technology 8,725 (3,500) 5,225 5,225 - S,225 - S,225 <t< td=""></t<>
Humanities 37,115 (123) 36,992 36,992 -
Integrated language arts 25,177 3,167 28,344 28,344 - Curriculum 52,757 3,363 56,120 56,120 - Industrial technology 8,725 (3,500) 5,225 5,225 - Science/math technology 32,929 3,714 36,643 36,643 - Physical education/health 4,815 4,815 4,815 - Special services 31,205 31,205 31,205 31,205 - Special education 3,073,210 (14,070) 3,059,140 3,059,140 - Guidance 7,725 7,725 7,725 7,725 - Health services 164,138 (2,681) 161,457 161,457 - Psychological services 40,380 (8,185) 32,195 32,195 - Speech services 14,350 (2,625) 11,725 11,725 - Educational media services 85,741 (2,998) 82,743 82,743 -
Curriculum 52,757 3,363 56,120 56,120 - Industrial technology 8,725 (3,500) 5,225 5,225 - Science/math technology 32,929 3,714 36,643 36,643 - Physical education/health 4,815 4,815 4,815 - Special services 31,205 31,205 31,205 - Special education 3,073,210 (14,070) 3,059,140 3,059,140 - Guidance 7,725 7,725 7,725 7,725 - Health services 164,138 (2,681) 161,457 161,457 - Psychological services 40,380 (8,185) 32,195 32,195 - Speech services 14,350 (2,625) 11,725 11,725 - Educational media services 85,741 (2,998) 82,743 82,743 - Technology plan 198,193 9,756 207,949 207,949 - Board of education
Industrial technology
Science/math technology 32,929 3,714 36,643 36,643 - Physical education/health 4,815 4,815 4,815 - - Special services 31,205 31,205 31,205 - - Special education 3,073,210 (14,070) 3,059,140 3,059,140 - Guidance 7,725 7,725 7,725 7,725 - Health services 164,138 (2,681) 161,457 161,457 - Psychological services 40,380 (8,185) 32,195 32,195 - Speech services 14,350 (2,625) 11,725 11,725 - Educational media services 85,741 (2,998) 82,743 82,743 - Technology plan 198,193 9,756 207,949 207,949 - Board of education 50,430 50,430 50,430 - Central administration 486,491 486,491 486,491 - School administratio
Physical education/health 4,815 4,815 4,815 - Special services 31,205 31,205 31,205 - Special education 3,073,210 (14,070) 3,059,140 3,059,140 - Guidance 7,725 7,725 7,725 - - Health services 164,138 (2,681) 161,457 161,457 - Psychological services 40,380 (8,185) 32,195 32,195 - Speech services 14,350 (2,625) 11,725 11,725 - Educational media services 85,741 (2,998) 82,743 82,743 - Technology plan 198,193 9,756 207,949 207,949 - Board of education 50,430 50,430 50,430 - Central administration 486,491 486,491 486,491 - School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,0
Special services 31,205 31,205 31,205 - Special education 3,073,210 (14,070) 3,059,140 3,059,140 - Guidance 7,725 7,725 7,725 - - Health services 164,138 (2,681) 161,457 161,457 - Psychological services 40,380 (8,185) 32,195 32,195 - Speech services 14,350 (2,625) 11,725 11,725 - Educational media services 85,741 (2,998) 82,743 82,743 - Technology plan 198,193 9,756 207,949 207,949 - Board of education 50,430 50,430 50,430 - Central administration 486,491 486,491 486,491 - School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation <t< td=""></t<>
Special education 3,073,210 (14,070) 3,059,140 3,059,140 - Guidance 7,725 7,725 7,725 7,725 - Health services 164,138 (2,681) 161,457 161,457 - Psychological services 40,380 (8,185) 32,195 32,195 - Speech services 14,350 (2,625) 11,725 11,725 - Educational media services 85,741 (2,998) 82,743 82,743 - Technology plan 198,193 9,756 207,949 207,949 - Board of education 50,430 50,430 50,430 - Central administration 486,491 486,491 - School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Total Easton Board of
Guidance 7,725 7,725 7,725 - Health services 164,138 (2,681) 161,457 161,457 - Psychological services 40,380 (8,185) 32,195 32,195 - Speech services 14,350 (2,625) 11,725 11,725 - Educational media services 85,741 (2,998) 82,743 82,743 - Technology plan 198,193 9,756 207,949 207,949 - Board of education 50,430 50,430 50,430 - Central administration 486,491 486,491 486,491 - School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Food service 3,300 3,300 3,300 - - Total Easton Board of 14,419,
Health services 164,138 (2,681) 161,457 161,457 - Psychological services 40,380 (8,185) 32,195 32,195 - Speech services 14,350 (2,625) 11,725 11,725 - Educational media services 85,741 (2,998) 82,743 82,743 - Technology plan 198,193 9,756 207,949 207,949 - Board of education 50,430 50,430 50,430 - Central administration 486,491 486,491 486,491 - School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Food service 3,300 3,300 3,300 - Total Easton Board of 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 14,419,259 -
Psychological services 40,380 (8,185) 32,195 32,195 - Speech services 14,350 (2,625) 11,725 11,725 - Educational media services 85,741 (2,998) 82,743 82,743 - Technology plan 198,193 9,756 207,949 207,949 - Board of education 50,430 50,430 50,430 - Central administration 486,491 486,491 486,491 - School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Food service 3,300 3,300 3,300 - Total Easton Board of Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 14,419,259 -
Speech services 14,350 (2,625) 11,725 11,725 - Educational media services 85,741 (2,998) 82,743 82,743 - Technology plan 198,193 9,756 207,949 207,949 - Board of education 50,430 50,430 50,430 - Central administration 486,491 486,491 486,491 - School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Food service 3,300 3,300 3,300 - Total Easton Board of Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 14,419,259 -
Educational media services 85,741 (2,998) 82,743 82,743 - Technology plan 198,193 9,756 207,949 207,949 - Board of education 50,430 50,430 50,430 - Central administration 486,491 486,491 486,491 - School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Food service 3,300 3,300 3,300 - Total Easton Board of Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 14,419,259 -
Technology plan 198,193 9,756 207,949 207,949 - Board of education 50,430 50,430 50,430 - Central administration 486,491 486,491 486,491 - School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Food service 3,300 3,300 3,300 - Total Easton Board of Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 14,419,259 -
Board of education 50,430 50,430 50,430 - Central administration 486,491 486,491 486,491 - School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Food service 3,300 3,300 3,300 - Total Easton Board of Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 14,419,259 -
Central administration 486,491 486,491 486,491 - School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Food service 3,300 3,300 3,300 - Total Easton Board of Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 14,419,259 -
School administration 905,613 94 905,707 905,707 - physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Food service 3,300 3,300 3,300 - Total Easton Board of Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 14,419,259 -
physical plant 1,409,720 153,061 1,562,781 1,562,781 - Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Food service 3,300 3,300 3,300 - Total Easton Board of Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 14,419,259 -
Student transportation 825,936 (39,123) 786,813 786,813 - Food service 3,300 3,300 - Total Easton Board of Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 14,419,259 -
Food service 3,300 3,300 - Total Easton Board of Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 -
Total Easton Board of Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 -
Education 14,419,259 - 14,419,259 -
Regional School District No. 9 9,409,942 (16,240) 9,393,702 9,393,702 -
Total education 23,829,201 (16,240) 23,812,961 23,812,961 -
Library 572,099 572,099 557,870 14,229
Parks and Recreation:
Parks and recreation commission 370,276 370,276 341,223 29,053
Tree warden 43,780 43,780 38,531 5,249
Total parks and recreation 414,056 - 414,056 379,754 34,302
Employee Benefits:
Pensions 471,457 471,457 449,413 22,044
Fringe benefits 1,692,211 1,526,793 165,418
Social Security and Medicare 399,055 399,055 389,923 9,132
Total employee benefits 2,562,723 - 2,562,723 2,366,129 196,594

(Continued on next page)

Variance

TOWN OF EASTON, CONNECTICUT

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	_	Original Budget	, ,	Additional Appropriations and Transfers	_	Final Budget		Actual		With Final Budget
Insurance	\$_	473,100	\$	(8,500)	\$	464,600	\$	464,447	\$_	153
Other-Contingency	_	100,000		(14,785)	_	85,215			_	85,215
Debt Service:										
Principal retirement		2,785,000				2,785,000		2,785,000		-
Interest		1,386,716				1,386,716		1,386,716		-
Fiscal agent fees		49,200				49,200		11,720		37,480
Total debt service	_	4,220,916		-	_	4,220,916		4,183,436		37,480
Total expenditures	_	39,230,857		53,455	_	39,284,312		38,587,739	_	696,573
Other Financing Uses:										
Transfers out:										
Dog fund		63,573				63,573		63,573		-
Capital nonrecurring		96,355		26,500		122,855		122,855		-
Total other financing uses	_	159,928		26,500	=	186,428		186,428		-
Total Expenditures and Other										
Financing Uses	\$_	39,390,785	\$	79,955	\$_	39,470,740	ł	38,774,167	\$_	696,573

Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures because:

State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgeted

1,087,664

Total Expenditures and Other Financing Sources as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Exhibit IV

\$ 39,861,831

GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008

	_	2009	2008
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	336,132 \$	2,541,540
Investments		6,908,138	4,998,085
Property taxes receivable		626,145	555,547
Accounts receivable		65,917	14,756
Intergovernmental receivable		345,963	515,619
Other assets	_	1,522	
Total Assets	\$ ₌	8,283,817 \$	8,625,547
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	714,881 \$	582,173
Accrued liabilities		982,009	883,111
Due to Regional School District No. 9		600,723	418,239
Due to other funds		144,385	182,378
Deferred revenue	_	919,328	1,015,853
Total liabilities	_	3,361,326	3,081,754
Fund balance:			
Unreserved, reported in:			
Designated for subsequent year's budget		1,000,000	408,000
Designated for potential claims		140,000	140,000
Designated for debt service		97,200	97,200
Undesignated	_	3,685,291	4,898,593
Total fund balance	-	4,922,491	5,543,793
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	8,283,817 \$	8,625,547

TOWN OF EASTON, CONNECTICUT REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Grand	Uncollected	Current	Lawful	Corrections	Transfers	Adjusted		Collections		Uncollected
List Year	Taxes July 1, 2008	Year Levy	Additions	Deductions	to Suspense	Taxes Collectible	Taxes	Interest and Liens	Total	Taxes June 30, 2009
2007	\$	\$ 35,797,184	\$ 85,872	\$ 114,763	\$	\$ 35,768,293	\$ 35,453,602	2 \$ 90,783	\$ 35,544,385	\$ 314,691
2006	239,208		3,068	19,058		223,218	88,902	24,940	113,842	134,316
2005	98,912			3,672	8,634	86,606	43,757	20,431	64,188	42,849
2004	55,726		335	11,199	271	44,591	25,067	14,923	39,990	19,524
2003	27,385			2,824		24,561	12,125	7,097	19,222	12,436
2002	19,424			1,473		17,951	7,111	7,667	14,778	10,840
2001	17,747			85		17,662	6,796	7,466	14,262	10,866
2000	11,369			10		11,359	6,284	8,035	14,319	5,075
1999	12,501		235			12,736	5,949	8,680	14,629	6,787
1998	10,764		63			10,827	5,726	9,387	15,113	5,101
1997	11,502		65			11,567	1,128	3 1,259	2,387	10,439
1996	14,024		60			14,084				14,084
1995	10,621		1,710			12,331				12,331
1994	9,413		167			9,580				9,580
1993	8,546		410			8,956				8,956
1992	8,405			135		8,270		2,500	2,500	8,270
Total	\$ 555,547	\$ 35,797,184	\$ 91,985	\$ 153,219	\$ 8,905	\$ 36,282,592	35,656,447	⁷ \$ 203,168	\$ 35,859,615	\$ 626,145

Property taxes receivable considered available:

June 30, 2008 June 30, 2009 (54,376) 43,491

Property Tax Revenues

35,645,562

51

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2009

					Spe	cial	Revenue Funds						
	 Education Grants	Easton Day	Police Donations		Police Grants	_	Senior Center	Agriculture Land Preservation	 Cemetery Fund	Do Fu	-	_	D.A.R.E.
ASSETS													
Cash Investments	\$ 6,512 \$	4,552 \$	8,751	\$	134,528	\$	3,927 \$	63,993	\$ 26,120	\$ 10	6,821	\$	38,983
Accounts receivable							2,569				1,801		288
Intergovernmental receivable	 1,010								 			_	
Total Assets	\$ 7,522 \$	4,552 \$	8,751	\$_	134,528	\$	6,496 \$	63,993	\$ 26,120	\$ 10	8,622	\$_	39,271
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ \$	\$		\$	86,324	\$	2,465 \$		\$ 3,950	\$	1,060	\$	234
Fund Balances:													
Unreserved and undesignated	 7,522	4,552	8,751		48,204	_	4,031	63,993	 22,170	10	7,562	_	39,037
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7,522 \$	4,552 \$	8,751	\$_	134,528	\$_	6,496 \$	63,993	\$ 26,120	\$ 10	8,622	\$_	39,271

(Continued on next page)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2009

							Sp	ecia	l Revenue Fund	s						
	_	Park and Recreation Activity Fund	Solid Waste Program	_	Library		Open Space	_	EMS Special Services	_	Police Asset	 Records Preservation	_	Paine Barn Fund		Social Service
ASSETS																
Cash Investments	\$	144,297	\$	\$	273,120 579,454	\$	708,872	\$	105,202	\$	244,931	\$ 9,315	\$	7,667	\$	25,204
Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivable	_		 27,012	_		_	44,000	_	10,912	_		 24	_		_	
Total Assets	\$	144,297	\$ 27,012	\$_	852,574	\$	752,872	\$_	116,114	\$	244,931	\$ 9,339	\$	7,667	\$_	25,204
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	9,378	\$ 101,979	\$		\$	10,794	\$	1,663	\$	26,471	\$	\$		\$	
Fund Balances: Unreserved and undesignated	_	134,919	 (74,967)	_	852,574	. <u>-</u>	742,078	_	114,451		218,460	 9,339	· <u>-</u>	7,667	. <u>-</u>	25,204
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	144,297	\$ 27,012	\$_	852,574	\$	752,872	\$	116,114	\$	244,931	\$ 9,339	\$	7,667	\$_	25,204

(Continued on next page)

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2009

	_	Town Hall Grants		Senior Center Leasing Buyout		Miscellaneous Grants	Spec	cial Revenue Fund Town Clerk Community Fee	ds_	Land Acquisition		Senior Center Van		Total	_	Capital Projects Fund Capital Nonrecurring	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS																		
Cash Investments	\$	12,507	\$		\$	3,396	\$	9,354	\$	5,916	\$	822	\$	1,944,790 579,454	\$	1,119,372	\$	3,064,162 579,454
Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivable	_		_		_	28,000	-	24	_		_		· -	114,630 1,010	-	963	_	115,593 1,010
Total Assets	\$	12,507	\$		\$_	31,396	\$	9,378	\$_	5,916	\$_	822	\$	2,639,884	\$_	1,120,335	\$_	3,760,219
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																		
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	10,814	\$	4,817	\$	25,064	\$		\$		\$		\$	285,013	\$	509,349	\$	794,362
Fund Balances: Unreserved and undesignated	_	1,693	. <u>-</u>	(4,817)	_	6,332	_	9,378	_	5,916	_	822	. <u>-</u>	2,354,871	_	610,986	_	2,965,857
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	12,507	\$	-	\$_	31,396	\$	9,378	\$_	5,916	\$_	822	\$	2,639,884	\$	1,120,335	\$_	3,760,219

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

							Spec	ial Revenue F	unds						
	_	Education Grants	ston ay	Police Donations	- <u>-</u>	Police Grants	_	Senior Center	_	Agriculture Land Preservation	Cemetery Fund	, 	Dog Fund	I	D.A.R.E.
Revenues:															
Intergovernmental	\$	285,146	\$	\$	\$	1,242	\$		\$		\$	\$		\$	
Charges for services								142,181					17,468		
Investment income				720						002	4	20			0.005
Contributions	_	*****	 	520	-		_		_	893					8,097
Total revenues	_	285,146	 	520	-	1,242	_	142,181	_	893	4	20	17,468		8,097
Expenditures:															
Current:															
General government								133,666			4,4	20			
Public safety						27,545							69,587		4,660
Public works															
Health and welfare															
Education		287,730													
Library															
Parks and recreation															
Capital outlay															
Total expenditures		287,730	 -	-	_	27,545		133,666		-	4,4	20	69,587		4,660
E (Defining on) of Brown of Com-															
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over		(2.594)		520		(26, 202)		0.515		902	(4.0	00)	(52.110)		2 427
Expenditures	_	(2,584)	 	520	-	(26,303)	_	8,515	_	893	(4,0	00)	(52,119)		3,437
Other Financing Sources (Uses):															
Transfers out															
Transfers in													63,573		
Net other financing sources (uses)		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-		_ :	63,573		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,584)	-	520		(26,303)		8,515		893	(4,0	00)	11,454		3,437
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	10,106	 4,552	8,231		74,507	_	(4,484)	_	63,100	26,1	70_	96,108		35,600
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	7,522	\$ 4,552	\$ 8,751	\$	48,204	\$	4,031	\$	63,993	\$ 22,1	70 \$	107,562	\$	39,037

(Continued on next page)

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	_	Special Revenue Funds																
	_	Park and Recreation Activity Fund	_	Solid Waste Program	_	Library	_	Open Space	_	EMS Special Services		Police Asset	_	Records Preservation	_	Paine Barn Fund	_	Social Service
Revenues:														=0				
Intergovernmental	\$	222 200	\$	270.002	\$	25 101	\$	44,000	\$	115.020	\$		\$	1,650	\$		\$	
Charges for services Investment income		323,208		270,002		35,101 29,274		11,757		115,920		3,594				125		
Contributions						29,274		11,/3/				26,708				123		23,227
Total revenues	_	323,208	_	270,002	_	64,375	-	55,757	_	115,920	_	30,302	_	1,650	_	125	_	23,227
Expenditures: Current: General government	_				_		_											
Public safety												60,366						
Public works				328,146								,						
Health and welfare										18,741								3,213
Education																		
Library						44,270												
Parks and recreation		343,178																
Capital outlay	_	343,178		328,146	_	44.270	-		_	18,741		60,366					_	3,213
Total expenditures	_	343,178		328,140	_	44,270	-	-	_	18,741	_	00,300	_		_		_	3,213
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	(19,970)		(58,144)	_	20,105	_	55,757	_	97,179	_	(30,064)	_	1,650	_	125	_	20,014
Other Financing Sources (Uses):																		
Transfers out Transfers in		(50,000)								(122,065)								
Net other financing sources (uses)	_	(50,000)	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	(122,065)		-	_	-	_	-	_	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(69,970)		(58,144)		20,105		55,757		(24,886)		(30,064)		1,650		125		20,014
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	204,889	_	(16,823)	_	832,469	-	686,321	_	139,337	_	248,524	_	7,689	_	7,542		5,190
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	134,919	\$	(74,967)	\$	852,574	\$	742,078	\$	114,451	\$	218,460	\$	9,339	\$	7,667	\$	25,204

(Continued on next page)

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Capital

TOWN OF EASTON, CONNECTICUT

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

							Special Revenue I	Tunds							Projects Fund		
	_	Town Hall Grants		Senior Center Leasing Buyout	Miscellaneo Grants		Town Clerk Community Fee		Land Acquisition		Senior Center Van		Total	_	Capital Nonrecurring	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Contributions	\$	14,710	\$		\$	\$	1,643	\$	34 10,000	\$	19,672	\$	346,748 925,195 45,204 69,445	\$	1,363,132	\$	1,709,880 925,195 45,204 69,445
Total revenues	_	14,710	_	-			1,643	_	10,034	_	19,672	_	1,386,592	_	1,363,132	_	2,749,724
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety		18,467		3,781	1,0	534			4,118		18,850		184,936 162,158				184,936 162,158 328,146
Public works Health and welfare Education Library Parks and recreation		3,135											328,146 25,089 287,730 44,270 343,178				25,089 287,730 44,270 343,178
Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	21,602	_	3,781	1,	534		-	4,118	_	18,850	_	1,375,507	_	1,988,641 1,988,641	_	1,988,641 3,364,148
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	(6,892)		(3,781)		534)	1,643	· -	5,916	_	822	_	11,085	=	(625,509)	_	(614,424)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Transfers in Net other financing sources (uses)	_		_									. <u>-</u>	(172,065) 63,573 (108,492)	_	172,855 172,855	_	(172,065) 236,428 64,363
. , ,	_		_		-		_	-				_		_		_	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(6,892)		(3,781)	(1,0	534)	1,643		5,916		822		(97,407)		(452,654)		(550,061)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	8,585	_	(1,036)	7,9	966_	7,735			. <u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	2,452,278	-	1,063,640	_	3,515,918
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	1,693	\$_	(4,817)	\$ 6,3	332 \$	9,378	\$	5,916	\$	822	\$	2,354,871	\$_	610,986	\$_	2,965,857

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	-	Balance July 1, 2008	_	Additions	. <u>-</u>	Deductions	 Balance June 30, 2009
ASSETS							
Cash: Performance and road bonds Student activity	\$	1,538,821 40,460	\$	306,044 190,932	\$	298,378 186,482	\$ 1,546,487 44,910
Total Assets	\$	1,579,281	\$	496,976	\$	484,860	\$ 1,591,397
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable: Performance and road bonds Student activity	\$	1,538,821 40,460	\$	306,044 190,932	\$	298,378 186,482	\$ 1,546,487 44,910
Total Liabilities	\$	1,579,281	\$	496,976	\$	484,860	\$ 1,591,397

SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Total Tax Collections (including interest and lien fees): For the year ended June 30, 2009: Town of Easton 35,859,615

Reimbursement for Revenue Loss:

Tax relief for elderly freeze

Base for Debt Limitation Computation

35,859,615

	=	General Purpose	 Schools	,	Sewers	Urban Renewal		Pension Deficit
Debt Limitation: 2 1/4 times base 4 1/2 times base 3 3/4 times base 3 1/4 times base 3 times base	\$	80,684,134	\$ 161,368,268	\$	134,473,556	\$ 116,543,749	\$	107,578,845
Total debt limitation	_	80,684,134	 161,368,268	•	134,473,556	116,543,749		107,578,845
Indebtedness: Bonds payable Bonds anticipation notes payable Authorized, unissued debt Easton portion of Regional School District No. 9 bonds, net of school building grants		5,902,500 6,150,000 143,020	25,557,500 3,411,836 90,954 10,514,240		363,164			
School building grants	_		 (320,211)	•	2.2.1.1		•	
Net indebtedness Debt Limitation in Excess of Indebtedness	\$_	12,195,520 68,488,614	\$ 39,254,319 122,113,949	\$	363,164	\$ 116,543,749	\$	107,578,845

The total of the above net indebtedness amounts to:

\$ 51,813,003

In no event shall total indebtedness exceed \$251,017,305 or seven times the base for debt limitation computation.